

# Alabama Statewide Math Contest - Round 2 Division 2

University of Alabama at Birmingham

April 6, 2019

## Scoring

# Scoring

0:00 - 0:30	10 points
0:31 - 1:00	8 points
1:01 - 1:30	6 points
1:31 - 2:00	4 points

If the first person to answer is correct, they receive  
2 Bonus Points.

# Rules

## Rules

1. Answers must be in answer box provided to be counted. Units such as cm, in, etc. are **not** necessary.
2. Fractions must be reduced. Improper fractions are acceptable.
3. The numbers  $\pi$  and  $e$  must be left as such.
4. Complex numbers must be put into  $a + bi$  form.

# Rules

## Rules

5. Answers with radicals must be simplified. Denominators must be rationalized.
6. Exponents should be positive.
7. Answers involving trigonometric functions should be simplified as much as possible.
8.  $\log(x)$  means  $\log_{10}(x)$  and  $\ln(x)$  means  $\log_e(x)$ .
9. The time limit for **all** problems is 2 minutes.

# Sample Problem # 1

## Sample Problem

RESET :

Solve for  $x$  in the equation

$$x^2 - 6x - 3 = 0$$

# Sample Problem

Answer:

## Sample Problem

Answer:  $3 + 2\sqrt{3}$ , and  $3 - 2\sqrt{3}$ .



# Round 2

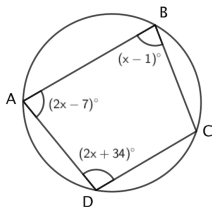
## Geometry

# Geometry Question # 1

# Geometry Question # 1

RESET :

Quadrilateral  $ABCD$  is inscribed in a circle as shown in the figure, with the measures of angles  $\angle DAB = 2x - 7$ ,  $\angle ABC = x - 1$  and  $\angle CDA = 2x + 34$ . Find the measure of  $\angle BCD$ .



# Geometry Question # 1

Answer:

# Geometry Question # 1

Answer:  $89^\circ$

# Geometry Question # 2

## Geometry Question # 2

RESET :

A right square pyramid with a base side length of 6 inches has a total surface area of 96 square inches. Find the sum of the lengths of the eight edges of the pyramid.

## Geometry Question # 2

Answer:



## Geometry Question # 2

$$\text{Answer: } 24 + 4\sqrt{34}$$

# Round 2

## Algebra II & Trig

# Algebra II & Trig Question # 3

## Algebra II & Trig Question # 3

RESET :

The product of  $x - 2$  and a polynomial  $p(x)$  is  $4x^3 - 3x^2 - 7x - 6$ .  
Find the sum of the coefficients of  $p(x)$ .

## Algebra II & Trig Question # 3

Answer:

## Algebra II & Trig Question # 3

Answer: 12

# Algebra II & Trig Question # 4

## Algebra II & Trig Question # 4

RESET :

If  $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 7$ , what is the vertex of the function  $g(x) = -2f(x - 3) + 4$ ? Provide your answer as a point  $(a, b)$ .



# Algebra II & Trig Question # 4

Answer:

## Algebra II & Trig Question # 4

Answer:  $(1, -2)$

# Round 2

## Comprehensive Part 1

# Comprehensive Part 1

## Question # 5

## Comprehensive Part 1 Question # 5

RESET :

Find the value of  $b$  for which  $(a, b)$  is a solution of the system of equations

$$\begin{cases} \frac{5}{x} + \frac{6}{y} = 3 \\ \frac{15}{x} - \frac{7}{y} = 4 \end{cases}$$

# Comprehensive Part 1 Question # 5

Answer:

# Comprehensive Part 1 Question # 5

Answer: 5

# Comprehensive Part 1

## Question # 6



## Comprehensive Part 1 Question # 6

RESET :

Find the greatest common factor of  $x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x - 24$  and  $x^2 + 7x + 12$ .

# Comprehensive Part 1 Question # 6

Answer:

## Comprehensive Part 1 Question # 6

Answer:  $x + 3$

# Round 2

## Comprehensive Part 2

# Comprehensive Part 2

## Question # 7

## Comprehensive Part 2 Question # 7

RESET :

If  $\csc x = \frac{6}{5}$ , find  $\cos^2 x + \sin x$ .

# Comprehensive Part 2 Question # 7

Answer:

## Comprehensive Part 2 Question # 7

Answer:  $\frac{41}{36}$



# Comprehensive Part 2

## Question # 8

## Comprehensive Part 2 Question # 8

RESET :

What digit appears in the 86th place past the decimal of  $\frac{8}{33}$ ?

# Comprehensive Part 2 Question # 8

Answer:

## Comprehensive Part 2 Question # 8

Answer: 4

# Round 2

## Team

# Team Question # 9

## Team Question # 9

RESET :

Find the sum: “the area of a rhombus with diagonals of length 6 and 9” + “the largest solution to  $2x^2 - 11x = -5$ ” + “the radius of the circle  $x^2 - 6x + y^2 - 12y + 41 = 0$ ”.

## Team Question # 9

Answer:



## Team Question # 9

Answer: 34

# Team Question # 10

## Team Question # 10

RESET :

Let  $ABCD$  be a square of side length 2, let  $E$  be the midpoint of side  $\overline{CD}$ , and let  $F$  be the point where  $\overline{BD}$  intersects  $\overline{AE}$ . Find the area of quadrilateral  $BCEF$ .

## Team Question # 10

Answer:

## Team Question # 10

Answer:  $\frac{5}{3}$

# End of Round 2